

March 2024
Janet Dean, Executive Director
Territorial Agrifood Association



The Territorial Agrifood Association

The Territorial Agrifood Association (TAA) is a non-governmental, non-profit organization based in the Northwest Territories that is mandated to develop and advocate for the NWT food system and represent members of the agri-food value chain across the territory.

TAA was born from the Territorial Farmers Association and the NWT Food Network.

www.nwtagrifood.ca



The language of agrifood

Agriculture

Agrifood

Food Production

Community Garden

Farm

Market Garden

Harvesting

Food Sovereignty

Food Security



Food is a bridge

Food represents a cultural and an agricultural act.



Conserving, protecting and regenerating natural resources, landscapes and biodiversity that provide us with food, while also supporting healthy and resilient economies and societies.





A Community Food Plan

A community food plan is a holistic aprroach to improving the food system, promoting food security and sustainability and fostering community health and well being.

By addressing a range of issies related to food accesss, nutrition, and agriculture, a community food plan can help create a more resilient and equitable food system for all residents.



Local governments must put into place programs and policies that support the agricultural economy and the future of food sovereignty in their communities and regions.

• Steer growth

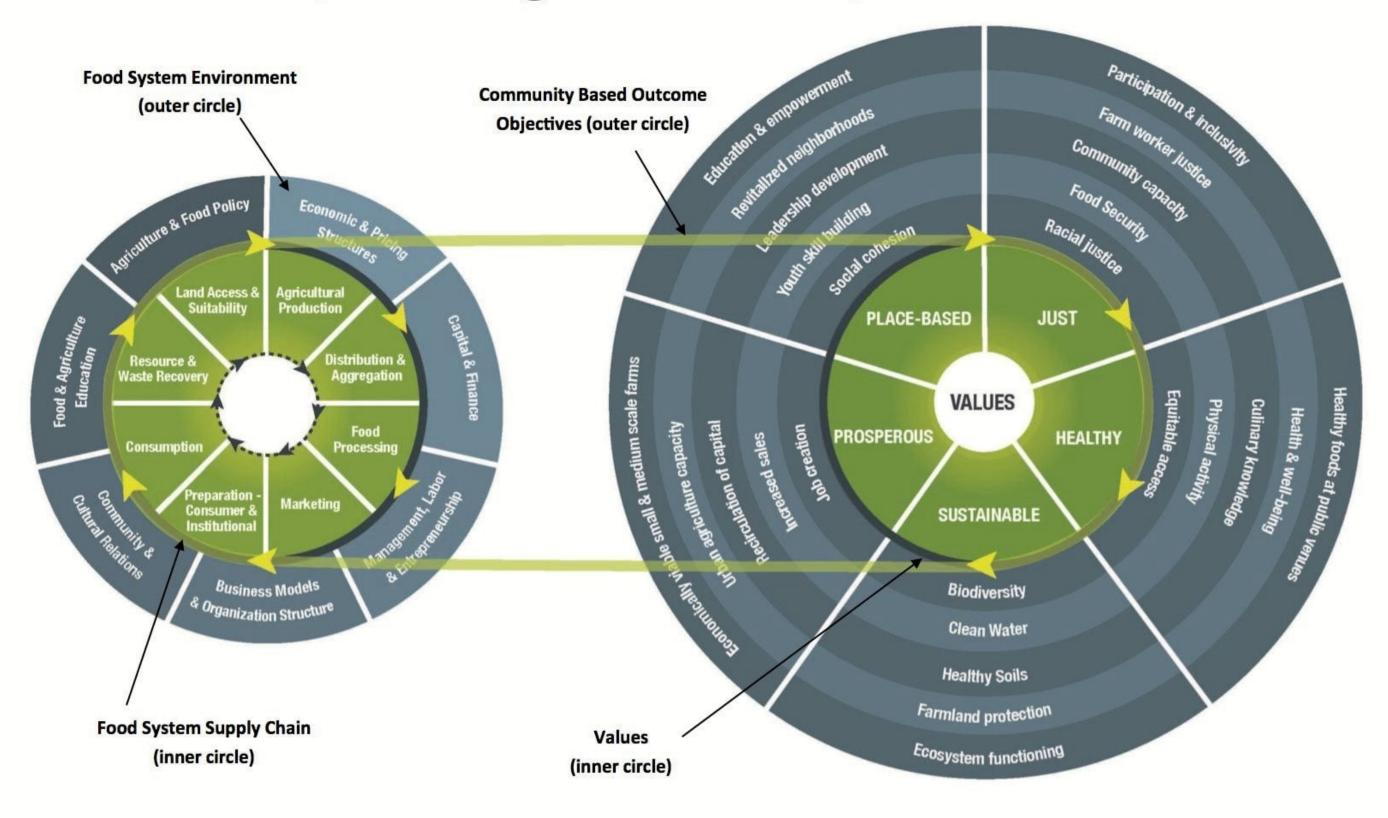
- Reduce regulatory barriers
- Encourage infrastructure development
- Address sustainability

Why planning for agrifood?

Planning for agrifood is a policy process to help ensure a future for food in a given place over a specified time period. It establishes a public policy framework to protect and conserve land for current and future generations and to support agrifood economic development.

But planning for agrifood also can help turn threats into opportunities. Examples include support for diversification to value-added agriculture and investments in infrastructure like cold storage, packing and processing plants. Enacting policies that allow on-farm processing, promote local procurements and farm to institution sales and/or provide opportunities for agritourism also counter the threat of development by keeping communities economically viable.

Community and Regional Food Systems Framework



Adapted from the Community and Regional Food Systems (CRFS) Project, based at the University of Wisconsin-Madison.

The framework illustrates how components of the food system supply chain (inner circle, left) are related to the food system environment (outer circle, left). Activities within the food system supply chain are driven by values (inner circle, right). Values are related to community based outcome objectives (outer circle right).

Best practise considerations

- 1. Community Agricultural Commissions and Advisory Boards
- 2.Agricultural "Ombud"/Agricultural Support Staff (currently ITI)
- 3. Agricultural Districts
- 4. Livestock and Poultry Ordinances
- 5. Right to Farm
- 6. Tax Exemptions
- 7. Farm Building and Other Exemptions
- 8. Leasing Development Rights
- 9. Property Tax Relief
- 10.Zoning
- 11. Farm Labour Housing
- 12. Setbacks and Buffers

Planning for agriculture is important



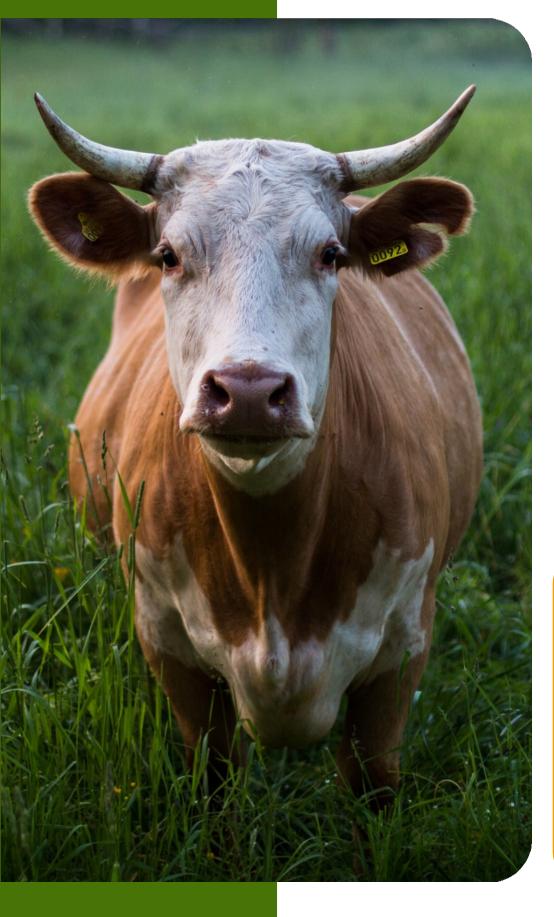
Value to food systems and local economies







Community level adaptation to market forces and climate change







How do we support our food future?

The TAA can help with...

- "Is your community food friendly" checklist.
- Local food procurement policy suggestions.
- Regional connections.
- Communication and regional connections.
- Why plan for food and agriculture report.
- Planning support.
- Communication tools.
- Innovation models.
- Opportunity profiles.

